T[h]urah (Torah) Portions, Haftarah & the Good News & "Ba [Bo] (Come or Go),

T[h]urah (Torah/Instructions)

Haftarah

Good-News

Shamuth (Exodus) 10:1-13:16 Yermiyahu (Jeremiah) 46:13-28 Mark 3:7-19

The focus of this T^[h]urah ^(Torah) portion will be on the Feast of P^[h]asak ^(Passover) of the month of Abib. We will take a closer look at what are the requirements for this Feast and how it is linked to the Abrahamic Covenant.

What general topic in Shamuth (Exodus) 12:1-2?

- יַאמָר יָהוָה אֶל־מֹשֶׁה וְאֱל־אַהֵרון בְּאֶרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם לֵאמָר: Ex. 12:1
- בּהְרָשֵׁי הַשְּׁנֵה : הוֹא לְבֶּם <mark>לְחָרְשֵׁי הַשְּׁנֵה</mark> <u>Ex. 12:2</u> <u>Ex. 12:1</u> And Yahuah spake unto Mushah ^(Moses) and Aharan ^(Aaron) in the land of Mitsraiym ^(Egypt),
- Ex. 12:2 This month shall be unto you the beginning of months: it shall be the first month of the year to you.

What was the purpose for examining the lamb of Abib?

- שָׂה תָמֶים זָכֶר בֶּן־שָׁנָה יִהְיֵה לֶכֶם מִן־הַכְּבָשִׂים וּמִן־הָעָזִים תִּקְחוּ
- Ex. 12:5 Your lamb shall be without blemish, a male of the first year: you shall take it out from the sheep, or from the goats:

The parallel of this scripture is in the messianic writings. The lamb is the Mashiyach (Messiah) let's take a look:

- Yahuchanan (John) 18:14-15, 21-24, 28-38
 - John 18:14 Now Caiaphas was he, which gave counsel to the Yahudiym (Jews), that it was expedient that one man should die for the people.
 - John 18:15 And Shimon Kepha (Peter) followed Yahusha, and *so did* another Talmadiym (Disciple): that Talmadiym (disciple) was known unto the high priest, and went in with Yahusha into the palace of the high priest.
 - John 18:21 Why ask you me? ask them which heard me, what I have said unto them: behold, they know what I said.
 - John 18:22 And when he had thus spoken, one of the officers which stood by struck Yahusha with the palm of his hand, saying, Answer you the high priest so?
 - John 18:23 Yahusha answered him, If I have spoken evil, bear witness of the evil: but if well, why smite you me?
 - John 18:24 Now Annas had sent him bound unto Caiaphas the high priest.
 - John 18:28 ¶ Then led they Yahusha from Caiaphas unto the hall of judgment: and it was early; and they themselves went not into the judgment hall, lest they should be defiled; but that they might eat the Passover.
 - John 18:29 Pilate then went out unto them, and said, What accusation bring you against this man?
 - John 18:30 They answered and said unto him, If he were not a malefactor, we would not have delivered him up unto you.
 - John 18:31 Then said Pilate unto them, Take you him, and judge him according to your law. The Yahudiym (Jews) therefore said unto him, It is not lawful for us to put any man to
 - John 18:32 That the saying of Yahusha might be fulfilled, which he spoke, signifying what death he should die.
 - John 18:33 Then Pilate entered into the judgment hall again, and called Yahusha, and said unto him, Are you the King of the Yahudiym (Jews)?

- John 18:34 Yahusha answered him, Say you this thing of yourself, or did others tell it you of me?
- John 18:35 Pilate answered, Am I a Yahudiym (Jew)? Your own nation and the chief priests have delivered you unto me: what have you done?
- O John 18:36 Yahusha answered, My kingdom is not of this world: if my kingdom were of this world, then would my servants fight, that I should not be delivered to the Yahudiym (Jews): but now is my kingdom not from hence.
- o <u>John 18:37</u> Pilate therefore said unto him, Are you a king then? Yahusha answered, You say that I am a king. To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world, that I should bear witness unto the truth. Every one that is of the truth hears my voice.
- O John 18:38 Pilate says unto him, What is truth? And when he had said this, he went out again unto the Yahudiym (Jews), and says unto them, I find in him no fault at all.

• Yashayahu (Isaiah) 53:5-7

- והוא מחלל מפּשַענו מרַכָּא מעונחינו מוסר שׁלומנו עליו ובחַברחו נרפָּא־לֵנוי
- ס בּנֵגוֹ פַבְּאוֹ חַלִּינוּ אִישׁ לְדַרְכִּוֹ פַּנֵינוּ וַיְהוָה הְפָּגִיעַ בֿוֹ אָת עֲוֹן כִּלְנוּ (בַּצָּאן הַלִּינוּ אִישׁ לְדַרְכִּוֹ פַּנִינוּ וַיִּהוָה הְפָּגִיעַ בֿוֹ אָת עֲוֹן כִּלְנוּ: 33.6
- O : נָגָשׁ וְהָוּא נַעַנָה וְלָא יִפְתַּח־פִּיוֹ כַּשֵּׁה לַשֶּׁבַח יוּבָּל וֹכְרָחֵל לְפַנֵי גֹווֵיהָ נַאֲלֶמָה וְלָא יִפְתַּח־פִּיוֹ כַּשֵּׁה לַשְּבַח יוּבָּל וּכְרָחֵל לְפַנֵי גֹווֵיהָ נַאֲלֶמָה וְלָא יִפְתַּח־פִּיוֹ בּ
- o <u>Is. 53:5</u> But he *was* wounded for our transgressions, *he was* bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace *was* upon him; and with his stripes we are healed.
- Is. 53:6 All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way; and Yahuah has laid on him the iniquity of us all.
- o <u>Is. 53:7</u> He was oppressed, and he was afflicted, yet he opened not his mouth: he is brought as a lamb to the slaughter, and as a sheep before her shearers is dumb, so he opened not his mouth.

• Yahuchanan (John) 1:29

 John 1:29 The next day Yahuchanan (John) see Yahusha coming unto him, and say, Behold the Lamb of Alahiym, which take away the sin of the world.

• 1 Kepha (Peter) 1:18-20

- 1Pet. 1:18 Forasmuch as you know that you were not redeemed with corruptible things,
 as silver and gold, from your vain conversation received by tradition from your fathers;
- o <u>1Pet. 1:19</u> But with the precious blood of Mashiyach (Messiah), as of a lamb without blemish and without spot:
- 1Pet. 1:20 Who verily was foreordained before the foundation of the world, but was manifest in these last times for you,

On the night of the Passover, Yashra'al (Israel) had smeared their doorposts with blood. Everyone remained in his or her houses all night. As they went to bed that night, they did so as slaves. Throughout the night there were screams of pain and anguish throughout Mitsraiym (Egypt), just as in a natural childbirth. Then, early in the morning, the Israelites stepped forward through their bloodstained doors as a free nation, just as the child emerges from the bloody orifice. A new nation has been literally born, redeemed by the blood of a lamb. They are no longer slaves.

Why Blood?

- Uavigra (Leviticus) 17:11
 - 🧿 בָּשֶׁר בַּדֶּם הָוֹא ֹנָאָנִי נְתַתְיו לֶכֶבּ עַל־הַמּוְבֵּׁח לְכַפֶּר עַל־נַפְשׁתִיכֶם כִּי־הַדֶּם הָוֹא בַּנָפֶשׁ יְכַפֵּר
 - Lev. 17:11 For the life of the flesh is in the blood: and I have given it to you upon the altar to make an atonement for your souls: for it is the blood that makes an atonement for the soul.
- Hebrews 9:22
 - O <u>Heb. 9:22</u> And almost all things are by the law purged with blood; and without shedding of blood is no remission.
- 1 Yahuchanan (John) 1:7; 2:2
 - O <u>1John 1:7</u> But if we walk in the light, as he is in the light, we have fellowship one with another, and the blood of Yahusha Mashiyach (Messiah) his Son cleanses us from all sin.
 - O <u>1John 2:2</u> And he is the atonement for our sins: and not for ours only, but also for *the sins* of the whole world.
- Shamuth (Exodus) 24:4-8
- o : ישׁרָם מֹשֶׁה אָת כְּלֹ־דָּבְרֵי יְחֹוָה וַיִּשֶׁבֶּם בְּבֵּבֶר וַיָּבוֹ מִזְבָּח הָחָר וֹשְׁתֵּם עֲשֶׂר מְשֵׁרָם עֲשֶׂר שְׁבְּפֵי יְשִׂרְאַל Ex. 24:4
- ס : נַיִּשָׁלָּח אָת־נַעַרִי בָּנֵי יִשָּׂרָאֵל נַיַּעָלוּ עלָת נַיִּזִבָּחוּתוּ זְבְתֵים שָׁלְמֵים לִיהוָה בְּרֵים: <u>Ex. 24:5</u>
- \circ ניַקָּח מֹשֶׁה חֲצֵי הַלְּם נַיֶּשֶׂם בָּאַנָּוֹת וַחֲצֵי הַלְּם זָרֶק עַל־הַמִּזְבֵּח: Ex.~24:6
- נַיַּפָּר הַבְּרִית נַיִּקְרָא בְּאָזְגַי הָעֶם וַיִּאֹמְרֹוּ כְּלֹ אֲשֶׁר־דְבֶּר יְהוֶה נַעֲשֶׂה וְנִשְׁמְע:
- נַּיְּקָח מֹשֶׁה מְּיָה הַנְּיָּם נַיְּזִילְהְ עַלְ־הַעָּם נַיִּאמָר הַגַּה הַבְּהַרִים אֲשֶׁר בְּבָּה יְהַנָּה שָׁה מְשֶׁה מְשֶׁה מְשֶׁה מְשֶׁה מְעָל הַעָּם נַיִּאמָר הַגַּה הַסְּבְּרִים אֲשֶׁר בְּבָּה יִבְּלְּה יַבְּים הָאֵלֶה:
- o <u>Ex. 24:4</u> And Mushah (Moses) wrote all the words of Yahuah, and rose up early in the morning, and built an altar under the hill, and twelve pillars, according to the twelve tribes of Yashra'al (Israel).
- Ex. 24:5 And he sent young men of the children of Yashra'al (Israel), which offered burnt offerings, and sacrificed peace offerings of oxen unto Yahuah.
- Ex. 24:6 And Mushah (Moses) took half of the blood, and put it in basins; and half of the blood he sprinkled on the altar.
- o <u>Ex. 24:7</u> And he took the book of the covenant, and read in the audience of the people: and they said, All that Yahuah has said will we do, and be obedient.
- Ex. 24:8 And Mushah (Moses) took the blood, and sprinkled *it* on the people, and said, Behold the blood of the covenant, which Yahuah has made with you concerning all these words.

Is it just with Yashra'al only Dabariym (Deuteronomy) Chapter 29?

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: טַפְּכֶם נְשִׁיכֶּם וְעָרֶף אֲשֶׁר בְּקֵרֶב מַחְעֵבְ שְּאֶב מִימֶיף <u>Deut. 29:10</u> טַפְּכֶם נְשִׁיכֶם וְעָרֶף אֲשֶׁר בְּקַרֶב מַחְעֵב עָבֶּיף עַר שׁאָב מִימֶיף <u>Deut. 29:11</u> לְּעָבְרָף בְּבְרָית יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיף וּבְאָלְהוֹ אֲשֶׁר יְהוָה אֲלֹהִיף בִּיִּרם:
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קְּמָעַן הָמֶים־אֹחָךּ הַיּוֹם לוֹ לְעָם וְהָוּא יִהְיָה־לְּךּ לֵאלֹהִים כַּאֲשֶׁר דְּבֶּר־לֶךְ וְכַּאֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַעׁ לַאֲבֹהֶיף לְאַבְּרָהָם לְּיִצְחֶכּ וְלְיַעָּקֹבּ

- יַלָּא אָתָכֶם לְבַרְּכֶם אָנֹכִי כַּרֵת אֱת־הַבְּרֵית הַוֹּאַת וְאֵת־הָאָלֶה הַוֹּאַת: Deut. 29:13
- ביל אַת־אַשֵּׁר יֵשְׁנוֹ פֿה עָמָנוּ עמֶר הַיּוֹם לְפָנֵי יְהוֶה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְאֵׁת אֲשֵׁר אֵינֵנוּ פָּה עָמָנוּ הַיִּוֹם: Deut. 29:14
- : עַברְחֶם: אָת אָשֶׁר־יָשֶׁבְנוּ בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרֵיִם וְאָת אֲשֶׁר־יֶבֶרָנוּ בְּקֶרֶב הַנּוֹיָם אֲשֶׁר עֲבַרְחֶם:

<u>Deut. 29:11</u> Your little ones, your wives, and your stranger that *is* in your camp, from the hewer of your wood unto the drawer of your water:

<u>Deut. 29:12</u> That you should enter into covenant with Yahuah your Alahiym, and into his oath, which Yahuah your Alahiym makes with you this day:

<u>Deut. 29:13</u> That he may establish you to day for a people unto himself, and *that* he may be unto you a Alahiym, as he has said unto you, and as he has sworn unto your fathers, to Abraham, to Yatskaq ^(Isaac), and to Ya'aqub ^(Jacob).

<u>Deut. 29:14</u> Neither with you only do I make this covenant and this oath;

Deut, 29:15 But with him that stands here with us this day before Yahuah our Alahiym, and also with him that is not here with us this day:

- 1 Kepha (1 Peter) 1:2
 - <u>1Pet. 1:2</u> Elect according to the foreknowledge of Alahiym the Father, through sanctification of the Spirit, unto obedience and sprinkling of the blood of Yahusha Mashiyach (Messiah): Favor unto you, and peace, be multiplied.
- Mattivourahu (Matthew) 26:26-28
 - Matt. 26:26 And as they were eating, Yahusha took bread, and blessed it, and brake it, and gave it to the talmadiym (disciples), and said, Take, eat; this is my body.
 - Matt. 26:27 And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and gave it to them, saying, Drink you
 - Matt. 26:28 For this is my blood of the renewed covenant (new testament), which is shed for many for the remission of sins.

Back to Yashra'al's (Israel's) birth through the blood: Yakazga'al (Ezekiel) 16:1-8.

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: ויהי דבר־יַהוָה אַלִי לַאמָר <u>Ezek. 16:1</u>
בּן־אָדָּם הוֹדֵע אֶת־יִרוּשָׁלָם אֶת־תוּעַבֹתֵיהָ: Ezek. 16:2
: יִאָמֶרִי יְאָמֶרְ הָאָמֹרִי אָבֶוּ הַפָּנַעֵנִי אָבֶוּ הַמְּלֵבִי יְהוָה לִירִישְׁלַּם מְכֹּרֹתִיְרְ וּמְלְרֹמִיךְ מַאֶּרֶץ הַכְּנַעֵנִי אָבֶיךְ הָאָמֹרִי וְאָמֶךְ חִתְּיח: Ezek. 16:3
בּבוֹם הוּלֶרֵת אֹתָרָ לְאֹ־כָּרֶת שֶׁרָּדְ וּבְמֵים לְא־רָחֲצָתְּ לְמִשְׁעֵי וְהָמְלֵתֹּ לְא הָמֶלֶחָתְּ וְהָחְתֵּל לְאׁ הָתְּלְתִּי Ezek. 16:4
באר. זְּלַיֶּף עָיָן לַעֲשָׂוֹת לֶךְ אַתָּת מֵאֶלֶה לְחָמְלֶה עָלֶיִךְ וַהְשָׁלְכוֹף אֶל־פְּגֵי הַשְּׁרֶה בְּנְעַל נַפְשֵׁׁךְ בָּיִוֹם הָלֶּרֶת אֹתֶךְ: Ezek. 16:5
נאֶעַבָּר עָלִידְ וָאֶרְאֵׁךְ מִתְבּוֹסֶסֶת בְּרָמֵיִךְ וַאְמַר לְדְּ בְּרָמֵיִךְ חֵיִי וַאָּמֵר לֶדְ בְּרָמֵיִדְ חֵיִי Ezek. 16:6
Ezek. 16:7 הַבָּבָה בְּצָבָה הַשְּׁרֶה נְתַּלִּיךְ וַתְּרָבִּל וַתְּנָבְאַי בַּעַרִי עַרְיִים שְׁרֵים נְבַּעוֹ וֹשְׁעָרֶה בְּשָׁרָי, בּעַרָי עַרְיִים שְׁרֵים וְבָּבָיה בַּצָבָה בָּעָרָי
נאָעַבֿר עָלַיִּדְ וָאָרֹאַרְ וָהָנָה עִמֵּךְ עֵת דּדִּים וָאָפְרָשׁ כְּנָפִי עָלַיִּדְ וָאָכְפֶּת עֶרוָתֶךְ וָאָשֶׁבֶע fi וָאָבֿוֹא בָבְרִית אֹהָךְ וָאָב
אָדֹנֶי יְהוָה וַתִּקְיִי לִי:
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Ezek. 16:1 Again the word of Yahuah came unto me, saying,

Ezek. 16:2 Son of man, cause Yarushalaiym (Jerusalem) to know her abominations, Ezek. 16:3 And say, Thus says Yahuah Alahiym unto Yarushalaiym (Jerusalem); your birth and your nativity *is* of the land of Canaan; your father was an Amorite, and your mother an Hittite.

Ezek. 16:4 And as for your nativity, in the day you was born your navel was not cut, neither was you washed in water to supple you; you was not salted at all, nor swaddled at all.

Ezek. 16:5 None eye pitied you, to do any of these unto you, to have compassion upon you; but you was cast out in the open field, to the lothing of your person, in the day that you was born.

Ezek. 16:6 And when I passed by you, and saw you polluted in your own blood, I said unto you when you was in your blood, Live; yea, I said unto you when you was in your blood, Live.

Ezek. 16:7 I have caused you to multiply as the bud of the field, and you have increased and waxen great, and you are come to excellent ornaments: your breasts are fashioned, and your hair is grown, whereas you was naked and bare.

Ezek. 16:8 Now when I passed by you, and looked upon you, behold, your time was the time of love; and I spread my skirt over you, and covered your nakedness: yea, I swore unto you, and entered into a covenant with you, say Yahuah Alahiym, and you became mine.

Yakazqa'al (Ezekiel) 16:1-8 Note the following themes:

- He states that the nation had a birth.
- Yahuah states that He "passed upon them.
- It was through blood that they obtained life. In this picture, the nation of Yashra'al (Israel)—in Egyptian bondage—is like a newborn, abandoned and forsaken. Yahuah's compassion, and through the blood of the Passover lamb, He passed "upon" them, saving them and giving them new life.

Getting back to our T^[h]urah (Torah) portion: Shamuth (Exodus) 12:40-41

- :מוֹשֵׁב בָּנִי יִשְּׁרָאֵׁל אֲשֵׁר יָשְׁבוּ בָּמְצָרָיִם שָׁל שִׁים שָׁנֶּה וְאַרְבֵּע מֵאוֹת שָׁנֵה: Ex. 12:40
- בּעָבֶים שָּׁנָה וָאָרָבֶּע מָאָרִץ מָצָרָיִם: Ex. 12:41 וַיָּהִי מָקֵץ שָׁל שֵׁים שָׁנָה וָאָרָבֶע מַאָּוֹת שָׁנָה וַיִּהִי בְּעַצֵּם הַיִּּוֹם הַזָּה וַצָּאָוּ כָּל־צָבָאוֹת יְהוֶה מַאָרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם:
- Ex. 12:40 Now the sojourning of the children of Yashra'al (Israel), who dwelt in Mitsraiym (Egypt), was four hundred and thirty years.
- Ex. 12:41 And it came to pass at the end of the four hundred and thirty years, even the selfsame day it came to pass, that all the hosts of Yahuah went out from the land of Mitsraiym (Egypt).
 - Shamuth (Éxodus) 12:41 Notice that the T[h] urah (Torah) is very specific in mentioning that 430 years had passed. It even says that it was 430 years even the selfsame day it came to passed.

The first mention of a *four hundred* and thirty year time period is in Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 15:1-18

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ביתרו הַדְּבָרִים הָאַלָּה הָנָה דְבָר־יָהנָה אֱל־אַבְיָּם בָּמְהָנָה לַאְלֹר אַל־מִינָא אָבְּרָם אָנֹבְיֹ מָגַן לֶּךְ שְׁבְּרָה הַרְבָּה מָאִר: Gen. 15:1
: אַליעַור מַה־הַמָּשֶׁק בֵּיהִי הָוּא דַּמָשֵׁק אַליעַור מַה־הַתָּן־לִּי וְאָנֹכֵי הוֹלֵךְ עַרִירֵי וְבַן־מַשֵּׁק בֵּיהִי הָוּא דַמָּשֵּׂק אַלִּיעַור Gen. 15:2
: נִיאמֶר אַבָּרָם הַן לִּי לְא נָתַתָּה זָרַע וְהַנָּה בַן־בֵּיתִי יוֹרֵשׁ אֹתִי Gen. 15:3
: יְרָשֶׁךְ הָוּא יִירְשֶׁךְ זֶה כִּי־אָם אֲשֶׁר יֵצָא מִמֵשֶּׁיךְ הָוּא יִירְשֶׁךְ זֶה כִּי־אָם אֲשֶׁר יֵצֵא מִמֵשֶּׁיךְ הָוּא יִירְשֶׁךְ זֶה כִּי־אָם אֲשֶׁר יֵצֵא מִמֵשֶּׁיךְ הָוּא יִירְשֶׁךְ זֶה כַּיּר-אָם בַּר
: יָהְעָה לוֹ בָּה יָהְנֵה הַשְּׁמִימָה וּסִפֹּר הַבְּוֹכָבְים אָם־תּוּכֶל לְסִפָּר אֹתָם וַיִּאֹמֶר לוֹ בָּה יָהְנֵה זַרְעַךְ: <u>Gen. 15:5</u>
: והַאָּמָן בַּיהוָה וַיִּחִשְׁבַהָּ לְּוֹ צָרָקֵה Gen. 15:6
: מַאָר לְּרְשְׁתְהּ אָלֵיו אָנֵי יָהוָה אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִיׁךּ מַאָּוּר כַּשְּׂדִים לְהָת לְךָּ אֶת־הָאָרֶץ הַאָּאת לְרְשְׁתְהּ
ניאמר אַדעי הַיָּה בַּמָה אַדַע כִּי אִירְשֶׁנְה: <u>Gen. 15:8</u>
: נִיאמֶר אֵלָיו קָתָה לִי עָגְלָה מְשַׁלֶּשֶׁת וְעֵז מְשַׁלֶשֶׁת וְאַיֵל מְשַׁלֵשׁ וְחָר וְגוֹזֵל Gen. 15:9
: בַּהֶר לָא בָתֶר הַצָּפָּר לָא בָתֶר אָהָם בַּהָּנֶךְ וַיִּתָן אִישֹ־בָּתָרוֹ לִקְרָאת רֵעֲהוּ וְאָת־הַצָּפָר לָא בְתֵר: Gen. 15:10
: ניֶרָד הָעָיִט עַל־הַפְּגָרֵים נִיַּשֵּׁב אֹחֶם אַבְרֶם: <u>Gen. 15:11</u>
וַיָהַי הַשֶּׁמֶשׁ לְבוֹא וְתַרְדֵּמֶה נְפָּלֶה עַל־אַבְרֶם וְהַנָּה אֵימֶה חֲשֵׁכֶה גִּרֹלֶה נֹפֶּלֶת עָלְיו: Gen. 15:12
:יָאָנָה לָאַבָּרָם יָרַעַ הַרַע כִּי־גַר ו יִהְיֶה זַרְעַדְּ בְּאֶבֶץ לְא לָהֶׁם וַעַבָּרִים וְעִנָּוּ אֹתֶם אַרְבַּע מֵאָוֹת שְׁנֵה: <u>Gen. 15:13</u>
יַנָם אֶת־הַגָּוֹי אֲשֶׁר יַעֲבָרוּ דֶּן אָנָכִי וְאַהֲרִי־כֵן יֵצְאָוּ בִּרְכָשׁ גָּרְוֹל: Gen. 15:14
יאָתָה תָּכָוֹא אֶל־אֲבֹתֶיךְ בְּשֶׁלָוֹם תִּקְבֶּר בְּשֵׂיבֶה טוֹבָה: Gen. 15:15
יַבר הַנְּה פַּיִ לֹא־שָׁלֶם עֲוֹן הָאֱמֹּרָי עַר־הַנְּה פַּיִ לֹא־שָׁלֶם עֲוֹן הָאֱמֹּרָי עַר־הַנְּה Gen. 15:16
יַרָּהָ הַשֶּׁמֶשׁ בָּאָה וַעֵלְטֶה הָיָה וְהָגָּה חַנְּוּר עָשֶׁן וְלַפֵּיר אֵשׁ אֲשֶׁר עָבָׁר בֵּין הַנְּזְרִים הָאֵלֶה: <u>Gen. 15:17</u>
Gen. 15:18 בַּיִּוֹם הַהִּוֹא בָּבֶת יָתְנָה אֶת־אֶבֶנֶם בְּבִית לַאמָר לְזַרְעֵדְ נְחֹמִי אֶת־הָאֶרֶץ הַוֹּאַת מְנְּהֶר מְצְּרִיִם עַר־הַנְּתֶר הַנָּדְל נְהַר־פְּרֵת:
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- <u>Gen. 15:1</u> After these things the word of Yahuah came unto Abram in a vision, saying, Fear not, Abram: I *am* your shield, *and* your exceeding great reward.
- <u>Gen. 15:2</u> And Abram said, Yahuah Alahiym, what wilt thou give me, seeing I go childless, and the steward of my house *is* this Aliezer of Damascus?
- Gen. 15:3 And Abram said, Behold, to me you have given no seed: and, lo, one born in my house is mine heir.
- <u>Gen. 15:4</u> And, behold, the word of Yahuah *came* unto him, saying, This shall not be your heir; but he that shall come forth out of your own bowels shall be your heir.
- <u>Gen. 15:5</u> And he brought him forth abroad, and said, Look now toward heaven, and tell the stars, if you be able to number them: and he said unto him, So shall your seed be.
- Gen. 15:6 And he believed in Yahuah; and he counted it to him for righteousness.
- Gen. 15:7 ¶ And he said unto him, I am Yahuah that brought you out of Ur of the Chaldees, to give you this land to inherit it.
- Gen. 15:8 And he said, Yahuah Alahiym, whereby shall I know that I shall inherit it?
- Gen. 15:9 And he said unto him, take me an heifer of three years old, and a she goat of three years old, and a ram of three years old, and a turtledove, and a young pigeon.
- Gen. 15:10 And he took unto him all these, and divided them in the midst, and laid each piece one against another: but the birds divided he not.
- Gen. 15:11 And when the fowls came down upon the carcases, Abram drove them away.

Gen. 15:12 And when the sun was going down, a deep sleep fell upon Abram; and, lo, an horror of great darkness fell upon him.

<u>Gen. 15:13</u> And he said unto Abram, Know of a surety that your seed shall be a stranger in a land *that is* not theirs, and shall serve them; and they shall afflict them four hundred years;

Gen. 15:14 And also that nation, whom they shall serve, will I judge: and afterward shall they come out with great substance.

Gen. 15:15 And you shall go to your fathers in peace; you shall be buried in a good old age.

Gen. 15:16 But in the fourth generation they shall come hither again: for the iniquity of the Amorites is not yet full.

<u>Gen. 15:17</u> And it came to pass, that, when the sun went down, and it was dark, behold a smoking furnace, and a burning lamp that passed between those pieces.

Gen. 15:18 In the same day Yahuah made a covenant with Abram, saying, Unto your seed have I given this land, from the river of Mitsraiym (Egypt) unto the great river, the river Euphrates:

Here's a summary of that passage.

- 1. Abram is promised a son.
- 2. Abram is imputed righteousness because of his faith.
- 3. Yahuah cuts the covenant with Abram. (These are the new believers, Faith first). Later He keeps the Commandments Bereshiyth (Genesis) 26:4-5
- 4. Yahuah informs Abram that his descendants will be enslaved in a foreign land for four hundred years.

The words *four hundred* and *on the same day*, are present in the Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) and Shamuth ^(Exodus) passages!

• In the genealogy table, you will be able to calculate that the 430 years were the time period from when Abram made the covenant in Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 15 until the liberation of Yashra'al ^(Israel) from Mistraiym ^(Egypt).

Remembering that circumcision as a prerequisite to eating the Passover, and the Abrahamic covenant has already been connected to Shamuth ^(Exodus) 12:43-49 with Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 17

Here is Shamuth (Exodus) 12:43-49

- בּוֹ־בֶּבֶר לֹא־יָאכֵל בּוֹ: Ex. 12:43 וַיִּאמֶר יָהוָה אֱל־מֹשֵׁה וְאָהֵרֹּן וְאַת חָקָת הָפַּסָח כָּל־בּּן־נָבֵר לֹא־יָאכַל בּוֹ
- : וְכַל־עֵבֵר אִישׁ מִקְנַת־כָּסֵף וּמַלְתָה אֹתוֹ אָז יָאכָל בִּוֹ Ex. 12:44
- : וֹשֶׁב וְשָׁבֵיר לֹא־יָאׁכֶל־בְּוֹ Ex. 12:45
- : יָאָבֶּל לֹא־תוֹצֵיא מָן־הַבָּיֵת מְן־הַבָּשֶׂר חְוּצָה וְעֵצֶם לָא תִשְׁבִּרוּ־בִּוֹ יִאָבֶל לֹא־תוֹצֵיא מָן־הַבָּיַת מְן־הַבָּשֶׂר חְוּצָה וְעֵצֶם לָא תִשְׁבִּרוּ־בִּוֹ Ex. 12:46
- : בָּל־עַבָת יִשְׂרָאֵל יַעֲשָׂוּ אֹתְוֹ <u>Ex. 12:47</u>
- בּוֹי הָאָרֶץ וְכָל־עָרֶל לְאֹ־יָאֹכָל בְּוֹ כָל־זָלֶר וְאָוֹ יִקְרֵב לַעֲשׂחוֹ וְהָנֶה בְּאָזְרָח הָאָרֵץ וְכָל־עָרֶל לְאֹ־יָאֹכַל בְּוֹ: Ex. 12:48
- בּתוֹכְכֵם: Ex. 12:49 תּוֹרָה אָחֶׁת יָהְיָה לַאָזרֶח וְלַגֵּר הָגָּר בְּתוֹכְכֵם:
- Ex. 12:43 And Yahuah said unto Mushah (Moses) and Aharan (Aaron), This *is* the ordinance of the Passover: There shall no stranger eat thereof:
- Ex. 12:44 But every man's servant that is bought for money, when you have circumcised him, then shall he eat thereof.
- Ex. 12:45 A foreigner and an hired servant shall not eat thereof.
- Ex. 12:46 In one house shall it be eaten; you shall not carry forth ought of the flesh abroad out of the house; neither shall you break a bone thereof.
- Ex. 12:47 All the congregation of Yashra'al (Israel) shall keep it.
- Ex. 12:48 And when a stranger shall sojourn with you, and will keep the Passover to Yahuah, let all his males be circumcised, and then let him come near and keep it; and he shall be as one that is born in the land: for no uncircumcised person shall eat thereof.

• Ex. 12:49 One law shall be to him that is home-born, and unto the stranger that sojourns among you.

Here is Bereshiyth (Genesis) 17:1-27

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ניהו אַבְּלָם בָּן־מִשְׁעֵים שָׁנָה וַמָשִׁע שָׁנִים נוַלַא יְהוֹה אַל־אַבְלָם וַיָּאמָר אַלִיוֹ אַנִּי־אַל שַׁבִּי הַתְּהַלֶּךְ לְבְּנֵי וַהְנָה חָמְים: Gen. 17:1
: ואָתָנָה בריתי בּינִי וּבִינָדְ וְאַרְבָּה אוֹתְדְּ בְּמֹאֵר מֹאֹר Gen. 17:2
: וַיִּפָּל אַבָּרֶם עַל־פָּנֵיו וַיִדַבֶּר אָתָּוֹ אֱלֹהֵים לֵאמָר <u>Gen. 17:3</u>
: אַנִּי הִנָּה בְרִיתִי אָתֶּךְ וְהָיִּיתְ לְאֵב הַמְּוֹן גּוֹיְם: Gen. 17:4
: תַּמְיּדְ עָוֹר אֶת־שִׁמְן גּוֹיָם נְתַמְיּדְ אַבְרֶם וְהָנְיִה שִׁמְךּ אַבְרֶם נְיִ אַב־הַמְוֹן גּוֹיָם נְתַמִּיף (<u>Gen.</u> 17:5
יָבְאָר מָמֶּר וּנְחַתִּיך לְגוֹיָם וּמְלֶּכִים מְמֶּךְ יַצֵאוּ: Gen. 17:6
Gen. 17:7 והקממי את ברימי ביני ובינד ובינד ובין זרשה אחביד לרותם לברית עולם להיות לד לאלהים ולזרשה אחביד:
ינַחַתִּי לּהָם וְהַיִיתִי לָהָם לֵאלֹהֵים: Gen. 17:8 נָתַחָנִי לּהָם וְהַיִיתִי לָהָם לֵאלֹהָים:
נִאמֶר אֱלַהִים אֱל־אַבָּרָהָם וְאָתָה אֵת־בָּרִיתֵי חָשָׁמֶר אַתָּה וְזַרְעַךְ אֲחַרֵיךְ לְרֹרֹתָם: Gen. 17:9
יאת בְּרִיתִּה אֲשֶׁר תִּשְׁמְרֹוּ בֵּינִי וּבְינֵיכֶּם וּבֵין זַרְעֲךָ אַחֲרֵיךְ הִמְּוֹל לְכֶם כְּלֹ־זְכֶר: fiאת בְּרִיתִּה אָשֶׁר תִּשְׁמְרוּ בִּינִי וּבְינֵיכֶּם וּבֵין זַרְעֲךָ אַחֲרֵיךְ הִמְּוֹל לְכֶם כְּלֹ־זְכֶר:
וּנִמַלְהֵּם אֵת בָּשֵּׁר עָרְלַתְכֶם וְהָיָה לְאִוֹת בַּרִית בֵּינֵי וּבִינֵיכֶם: Gen. 17:11
Gen. 17:12 ובּן־שָׁמנֶת וָמִים וְמָּוֹל לָכֶם כָּל־זָכֶר לְדֹרֹחָיכֶם וְלֵיד בָּׁוָת וּמְקנִת־בָּסֶךְ מִבְּל בַּן־נַבְּר אֲשֶׁר לְא מַאָרְעַהְ הָוּא:
נוֹלֶם: פֿרָתִת עוֹלֶם: בַּרְשַּׁרְכֶם לִבְּרָית עוֹלֶם: בַּרָתָה בְּרִיתָי בִּבְשַׂרְכֶם לִבְרָית עוֹלֶם: Gen. 17:13
י הַפַּריתִי הַפָּריתִי הַפַּריתִי הַפַּריתִי הַפָּריתִי הַפָּריתִי הַפָּריתִי הַבּּריתִי הַבּּרִיתִי הַבּּרִיתִי הַבּּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבּריתִי הַּבְּריתִי הַּבּריתִי הַּבְּיּרתִי הַּיּבּריתִי הַּבְּרִיתִי הַּבּריתִי הַּבּריתִי הַּבּירת הַיּיבּי הַּיּרתי הַּבּירתי הַיּבּירתי הַיּבּיתְי הַּיּיתִי הַּבּירתי הַיבּירתי הַּיּבּירתי הַיבּירתי הַּיבּירתי הַּיּיבּירתי הַיּיבּירתי הַּיּריתי הַיבּירתי הַּבּירתי הַּבּריתי הַיבּרייתי הַיבּרייתי הַּבּירתי הַיּייתי הַּבּריתי הַיבּריתי הַיּבּרייתי הַיּרְיתִּי הַייּרתי הַּיּיתִי הַּבּירתי הַיּרתי הַּיּיתְי הַיּיתי הַּבּריתי הּיבּרייתי הּיתּיייתי הּיתּיי הַּיּיתי הַּיּרתי הַיּיּרתי הּיתִי הַּיּרתי הַּיּרתי הּיתְּייּרתי הּיתְיי הַּיּיתי הַּיּרתי הַּיּרְיתִי הּיתְיי הַּיּרְייתִּי הַּיּרְיתִּי הַּיּרְיתִּי הַּיּרְיתִי הַּיּרְיתִי הַּיּרתי הַּיּרְיתִּיּיתְיייתי הַּבּרייתי הּיּבּריתי הּיבּרייתי הּיבּרייתי הּיבּריתי הּיתּייּרתי הּיתּייּיתי הַּיּי
נִיאמֶר אֱלֹהִים אֱל־אַבַרָּהָם שָׁרֵי אִשְׁתְּלְּ לֹא־תְקְרֵא אֲת־שְׁמָה שָׁרֵי פֵּי שָׁרָה שְׁמָה: Gen. 17:15
יהָיוּ: יהִיוּ מְמָנָה יְהָים מִמְנָה יְהָיוּ הַבְּרַכְתִּיל וְהֵיתָה לְגוֹיִם מַלְבֵי עַמָּים מִמְנָה יִהְיוּ
: מַלֵּה הָבָּת־הָשְׁעִים שְׁנֶה הַלָּבן מֵאֱה־שָׁנָה וְיָּצֶׁה וְיָּצֶׁה הָבָּת־הָשְׁעִים שְׁנֶה הַלָּבן מֵאֱה־שָׁנָה וְיָּצֶׂה וְיָּצֶׁה הָבָת־הְשְׁעִים שְׁנֶה הַלָּבן מֵאֱה־שָׁנָה וְיִּצֶּה הַבְּת־הִשְּׁעִים שְׁנֶה הַלָּבו
: ניאמר אברהם אל-האלהים לו ישמעאל יחנה לפניד Gen. 17:18
Gen. 17:19 נִיאמֶר אַלֹּדִים אָבֶל ´ שֶׁרָה אָשֶׁתָּךְ יֹלֶרֶת לְךְ בָּן וַקְרָאת אֶת־שָׁמוֹ וָצְחֶק נָהַקְמֹתְי אֶת־בְּרִיתִי אָתְוֹ לְבְרֵית עוֹלֶם לְזָרְעוֹ
וֹלְייָד וְּנְחָתְּיוֹ לְגָוֹי שְׁמֶעְתִּיךְ הַנָּה וּ בֵּרֶכְתִּי אֹתוֹ וְהִפְּרֵיתִי אֹתוֹ וְהִרְבֵּיתִי אֹתוֹ בְּמְאָר מְאֶר מְאֶר שְׁנֵים־עָשֶׁר נְשִׂיאָם יוֹלִּיר וּנְחָתִּיוֹ לְגָוֹי Gen. 17:20
יאָת־בָּרִיתִי אָקִים אַת־יִצְחָק אַשֶּׁר תַּלֵּד לְדָּ שָּׁרָה לַמּוֹעֵד הַזֵּה בַּשָּׁנָה הָאָחַרַת: <u>Gen. 17:21</u>
: נַיכַל לְרַבֶּר אָתָּוֹ נַיַעל אֱלֹהִים מעל אַבְרָהָם Gen. 17:22
וַלָּמָל אָת־יִשְׁמָעֵאל בְּנוֹ וָאָת בְּלֹ־יָלִידֵי בִּיתוֹ וְאָת בְּלֹ־יִלְיַדֵי בִיתוֹ וְאָת בְּלֹי מָכְנָת בְּפֹּלְיַבֶּי בִּית אָבְרָהָם וְיָמֵל אָת־בְּשׁׁר
עַרַלָּתָם בִּעַצֵּם הַיִּוֹם הַזָּה כַּאֲשֵׁר דְבֵּר אָתִוֹ אֱלֹהֵים:
: יַּרְלָּחִי עָרְלָּחִי הָשָּׁעִים וְחֵשָּׁע שָׁנֵה בְּהִמּּלְוֹ בְּשֵּׁר עָרְלָּחְוֹ Gen. 17:24
יַשְּׁלְעֵאל בְּנוֹ בֶּן־שְׁלְשׁ עָשְׁרֵה שְׁנָה בְּהִמּוֹלוֹ אֱת בְּשַׂר עָרְלְתוֹ: Gen. 17:25
: בְּעָצֵם הַיִּוֹם הַזָּה נְמִוֹל אַבְרָהָם וְיָשְׁמְעֵאל בְּנָוֹ Gen. 17:26
יבל־אָנשׁי בַיתוֹ יָלִיד בַּיָת וּמְקְנַת־כַּסַף מַאֶת בַּן־נַכֵּר נַמְלוּ אָחָוֹ: Gen. 17:27
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- Gen. 17:1 And when Abram was ninety years old and nine, Yahuah appeared to Abram, and said unto him, I *am* the Almighty Alahiym; walk before me, and be you perfect.
- Gen. 17:2 And I will make my covenant between me and you, and will multiply you exceedingly.
- Gen. 17:3 And Abram fell on his face: and Alahiym talked with him, saying,
- Gen. 17:4 As for me, behold, my covenant is with you, and you shall be a father of many nations.
- Gen. 17:5 Neither shall your name any more be called Abram, but your name shall be Abraham; for a father of many nations have I made you.
- Gen. 17:6 And I will make you exceeding fruitful, and I will make nations of you, and kings shall come out of you.
- Gen. 17:7 And I will establish my covenant between me and you and your seed after you in their generations for an everlasting covenant, to be a Alahiym unto you, and to your seed after you.
- Gen. 17:8 And I will give unto you, and to your seed after you, the land wherein you are a stranger, all the land of Canaan, for an everlasting possession; and I will be their Alahiym.
- <u>Gen. 17:9</u> And Alahiym said unto Abraham, You shall keep my covenant therefore, you, and your seed after you in their generations.
- Gen. 17:10 This is my covenant, which you shall keep, between me and you and your seed after you; Every man child among you shall be circumcised.
- <u>Gen. 17:11</u> And you shall circumcise the flesh of your foreskin; and it shall be a token of the covenant between me and you.

Gen. 17:12 And he that is eight days old shall be circumcised among you, every man-child in your generations, he that is born in the house, or bought with money of any stranger, which *is* not of your seed.

Gen. 17:13 He that is born in your house, and he that is bought with your money, must needs be circumcised: and my covenant shall be in your flesh for an everlasting covenant.

Gen. 17:14 And the uncircumcised man-child whose flesh of his foreskin is not circumcised, that soul shall be cut off from his people; he has broken my covenant.

Gen. 17:15 And Alahiym said unto Abraham, As for Sharaiy (Sarai) your wife, you shall not call her name Sharaiy (Sarai), but Sharah (Sarah) shall her name be.

<u>Gen. 17:16</u> And I will bless her, and give you a son also of her: yea, I will bless her, and she shall be *a mother* of nations; kings of people shall be of her.

<u>Gen. 17:17</u> Then Abraham fell upon his face, and laughed, and said in his heart, Shall *a child* be born unto him that is an hundred years old? and shall Sharah (Sarah), that is ninety years old, bear?

Gen. 17:18 And Abraham said unto Alahiym, O that Yashma'al (Ishmael) might live before you!

Gen. 17:19 And Alahiym said, Sharah (Sarah) your wife shall bear you a son indeed; and you shall call his name Yatskaq (Isaac): and I will establish my covenant with him for an everlasting covenant, *and* with his seed after him.

Gen. 17:20 And as for Yashma'al (Ishmael) I have heard you: Behold, I have blessed him, and will make him fruitful, and will multiply him exceedingly; twelve princes shall he beget, and I will make him a great nation.

Gen. 17:21 But my covenant will I establish with Yatskaq (Isaac), which Sharah (Sarah) shall bear unto you at this set time in the next year.

Gen. 17:22 And he left off talking with him, and Alahiym went up from Abraham.

Gen. 17:23 And Abraham took Yashma'al (shmael) his son, and all that were born in his house, and all that were bought with his money, every male among the men of Abraham's house; and circumcised the flesh of their foreskin in the selfsame day, as Alahiym had said unto him.

Gen. 17:24 And Abraham was ninety years old and nine, when he was circumcised in the flesh of his foreskin

Gen. 17:25 And Yashma'al (Ishmael) his son was thirteen years old, when he was circumcised in the flesh of his foreskin.

Gen. 17:26 In the selfsame day was Abraham circumcised, and Yashma'al (Ishmael) his son.

<u>Gen. 17:27</u> And all the men of his house, born in the house, and bought with money of the stranger, were circumcised with him.

Here is a summary of that passage:

- 1. Gen.17:1-8—Yahuah establishes the covenant with Abram and his descendants. The emphasis is on the close relationship between Yahuah and Yashra'al (Israel) (see verses 7 and 8, which emphasize this relationship).
- 2. Gen. 17:9-14—Institution of circumcision.
- 3. Gen. 17:15-22—Promise of Yatskaq (Isaac)
- 4. Gen. 17:23-27—Abram fulfills circumcision.

Although the subject of circumcision is enough evidence to connect Bereshiyth (Genesis) 17 Note the following connections between these two passages:

- The primary subject of both passages is circumcision
- Both passages deal with circumcision of those who are not blood born Hebrews! Compare Shamuth (Exodus) 12:43-49 with Bereshiyth (Genesis) 17:12-13, 23, and 27!

As we have seen, the covenant of Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 15 related to the promise of Yahuah to deliver the Yashra'al ^(Israel) out of bondage at a future date. The covenant sign of circumcision in Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 17 was a sign to show the close covenant relationship between Yahuah and Yashra'al ^(Israel) and those who join themselves to Abram and his descendants. Now, we can clearly see that the T^[h]urah ^(Torah) wants to relate the *Passover* offering to the *Abrahamic covenant* based on the passages in Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 15 and 17. They are related as follows. The focus of the Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 15 passage was the

promise of salvation. This was one of His responsibilities in the covenant. The focus of the Bereshiyth ^(Genesis) 17 passage was circumcision, which was the responsibility of Yashra'al ^(Israel) and anyone who joined them. It was only through observance of the Passover sacrifice that Yashra'al ^(Israel) firstborns received life, yet they couldn't receive life from that sacrifice unless they were circumcised. In other words, *the life to be gained from the Passover sacrifice was only available to those firstborns who had demonstrated they had fulfilled their part of the Abrahamic covenant through circumcision.*

Want to thank brother Tony for an excellent job on this T^[h]urah (Torah) portion. I pray everyone is getting a better picture of scripture as we continue to move forward.